CONTROL ID: 1797898 TITLE: Ambient Noise Tomography in the Eastern Alps of Europe AUTHORS (FIRST NAME, LAST NAME): Michael Behm1, 2, Nori Nakata2, Simon Morgan Lloyd1, Goetz Bokelmann1

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ABSTRACT BODY: ALPASS is an international passive seismic monitoring experiment aimed at understanding the upper mantle structure in the in the European Eastern Alps. Data were collected from May 2005 to June 2006 at about 50 locations with an average spacing of 20 km, and have been used for teleseismic travel time tomography and receiver function analysis in previous studies. We combine the ALPASS data from 23 broadband stations with additional data from the temporary CBP (Carpathian Basin Project) network (15 stations), and present results from ambient noise tomography applied to the region covering the easternmost part of the Alps and its transition to the adjacent tectonic provinces (Vienna Basin, Bohemian Massif, Dinarides). By turning each station into a virtual source, we are able to recover surface waves in the frequency range of 0.1 - 1.0 Hz, which are sensitive to depths of approximately 2 - 20 kilometres. The three-component recordings allow to distinguish between Rayleigh waves on the vertical/radial components and Love waves on the transverse component. On average, the Love waves have higher apparent velocity by about 10%. Owing to dense receiver spacing and high S/N ratio of the obtained interferograms, we are able to derive a large set of dispersion curves. The complicated 3D structure of the investigated region calls for a tomographic approach to transform these dispersion curves to be representative of local 1D structures. The results correlate well with surface geology and provide the input to inversion for the vertical shear-wave velocity distribution.

INDEX TERMS: 7205 SEISMOLOGY Continental crust, 7255 SEISMOLOGY Surface waves and free oscillations.